

# PRESENT CONTINUOUS AND FUTURE TENSES

Colegio Santa Victoria

Almudena Canela Moreno

# OUTLINE

- ▶ PRESENT CONTINUOUS
  - ▶ SPELLING
  - ▶ TIME EXPRESSIONS
  - ▶ USE
  - ▶ EXERCISE
- ▶ WILL/WON'T
  - ▶ TIME EXPRESSIONS
  - ▶ USE
  - ▶ EXERCISE
- ▶ PRESENT CONTINUOUS WITH FUTURE MEANING
  - ▶ TIME EXPRESSIONS
  - ▶ USE
  - ▶ EXERCISE
- ▶ BE GOING TO
  - ▶ TIME EXPRESSIONS
  - ▶ USE
  - ▶ EXERCISE

# FUTURE WITH BE GOING TO

▶ AFFIRMATIVE → SUBJECT + TO BE + GOING TO + VERB (B. F.) + COMPLEMENTS

I am going to travel to London

You are going to travel to London

He/she/it is going to travel to London

We are going to travel to London

You are going to travel to London

They are going to travel to London



# FUTURE WITH BE GOING TO

▶ NEGATIVE → SUBJECT + NOT + TO BE + GOING TO + VERB (B. F.) + COMPLEMENTS

I **am not** going to travel to London

You **aren't / are not** going to travel to London

He/she/it **isn't / is not** going to travel to London

We **aren't / are not** going to travel to London

You **aren't / are not** going to travel to London

They **aren't / are not** going to travel to London



# FUTURE WITH BE GOING TO

▶ INTERROGATIVE → TO BE + SUBJECT + GOING TO + VERB (B.F.) + COMPLEMENTS + ?

Am I going to travel to London?

Are you going to travel to London?

Is he/she/it going to travel to London?

Are we going to travel to London?

Are you going to travel to London?

Are they going to travel to London?



## ANSWERS:

Yes, I am

No, she isn't

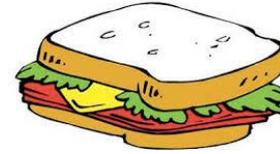
# USE OF FUTURE WITH BE GOING TO

- ▶ We use going to to talk about plans and intentions for the future
  - ▶ We´re going to go to New Zealand
  - ▶ I am going to make a fire
- ▶ After be going to, we use the verb in the infinitive
  - ▶ She´s going to sleep outdoors
  - ▶ The´re going to travel together
- ▶ A prediction based on present evidence
  - ▶ Be careful! You are going to fall!
  - ▶ There are some clouds in the sky. It is going to rain

# TIME EXPRESSIONS

- ▶ NEXT WEEK/MONTH/YEAR
  - ▶ Are you going to call your friends **next week**?
- ▶ SOON
  - ▶ My cousin is going to have a party **soon**
- ▶ IN THE FUTURE
  - ▶ I am going to go to a trip around the world **in the future**
- ▶ ON SATURDAY
  - ▶ Mary isn't going to meet his family **on Saturday**

# EXERCISE!



1. I am very thirsty
2. My brother is ill
3. They are hungry
4. It is raining
5. Tom can't do his homework
6. It's our mum birthday
7. My uncle is in hospital
8. We are bored
9. My leg is broken
10. Polly's tired

- a. Make a sandwich
- b. Have a glass of water
- c. Visit him
- d. Buy her a present
- e. Watch TV
- f. Turn down the radio
- g. Miss the next football match
- h. Go to bed early
- i. Stay at home
- j. Take some tablets



# FUTURE WITH WILL

▶ AFFIRMATIVE → SUBJECT + WILL + VERB (BASE FORM) + COMPLEMENTS

I will go to the cinema

You will go to the cinema

He/she/it will go to the cinema

We will go to the cinema

You will go to the cinema

They will go to the cinema



# FUTURE WITH WILL

▶ NEGATIVE → SUBJECT + WILL NOT + VERB (BASE FORM) + COMPLEMENTS

I will not/ won't go to the cinema

You will not/ won't go to the cinema

He/she/it will not/ won't go to the cinema

We will not/won't go to the cinema

You will not/won't go to the cinema

They will not/won't go to the cinema



# FUTURE WITH WILL

▶ INTERROGATIVE → WILL + SUBJECT + VERB (BASE FORM) + COMPLEMENTS + ?

Will I go to the cinema?

Will you go to the cinema?

Will he/she/it go to the cinema?

Will we go to the cinema?

Will you go to the cinema?

Will they go to the cinema?



## ANSWERS:

Yes, I will

No, he won't

# USE OF FUTURE WITH WILL

- ▶ We use will and won't to talk about the future and make predictions
  - ▶ We'll pass our exams
  - ▶ It'll be sunny tomorrow
- ▶ The contraction of will is 'll. the contraction of will not is won't
- ▶ After will and won't, we use the verb in the infinitive without to.
  - ▶ They won't win the competition
  - ▶ I'll write a book one day

# TIME EXPRESSIONS

- ▶ TOMORROW
  - ▶ I am sure you will have a wonderful time **tomorrow**
- ▶ THIS EVENING
  - ▶ It will rain **this evening**
- ▶ IN AN HOUR
  - ▶ The school will start **in an hour**
- ▶ AT 7 O´CLOCK
  - ▶ The course will begin **at 7 o´clock**
- ▶ LATER
  - ▶ You will study **later**

# TIME EXPRESSIONS

- ▶ NEXT WEEK/MONTH/YEAR
  - ▶ You will be an English teacher **in the future**
- ▶ SOON
  - ▶ You will pass your driving licence **soon**
- ▶ IN A FEW MINUTES
  - ▶ The teacher will give us the exam **in a few minutes**
- ▶ IN THE FUTURE
  - ▶ They won't win the competition **in the future**.
- ▶ ON 3rd JUNE
  - ▶ My brother will finish his exams **on 3rd June**

# EXERCISE!

COMPLETE THE SENTENCES WITH THE CORRECT FORM OF WILL.

START - GO - VISIT- HAVE

- ▶ I am sure you \_\_\_\_\_ a wonderful time tomorrow
- ▶ Our class \_\_\_\_\_ at 9 o'clock next week
- ▶ My mum \_\_\_\_\_ to Madrid soon
- ▶ Tom and Anne \_\_\_\_\_ their family in London

MAKE THE SENTENCES INTO THE NEGATIVE AND INTERROGATIVE

# PRESENT CONTINUOUS

▶ AFFIRMATIVE → SUBJECT + TO BE + VERB (-ING) + COMPLEMENTS

I am watching TV

You are watching TV

He/She/It is watching TV

We are watching TV

You are watching TV

They are watching TV



# PRESENT CONTINUOUS

▶ NEGATIVE → SUBJECT + TO BE + NOT + VERB (-ING) + COMPLEMENTS

I am not watching TV

You aren't/ are not watching TV

He/She/It isn't/ is not watching TV

We aren't/ are not watching TV

You aren't/ are not watching TV

They aren't/ are not watching TV



# PRESENT CONTINUOUS

▶ INTERROGATIVE → TO BE + SUBJECT + VERB (-ING) + COMPLEMENTS + ?

Am I watching TV?

Are you watching TV?

Is he/she/it watching TV?

Are we watching TV?

Are you watching TV?

Are they watching TV?



## ANSWERS:

Yes, I am

No, he isn't

Yes, you are

# SPELLING

- ▶ We usually add -ing to the verb to form the present participle.
  - ▶ Jump-jump**ing**/ study-study**ing**/ sleep-sleep**ing**.
- ▶ When verbs end in one or more consonant VERB (Base Form) + E, we omit the E and we add -ing.
  - ▶ Have-hav**ing**/ make-mak**ing**/ dance-danc**ing**
- ▶ When a verb has only one syllable and finishes with one vowel and one consonant (except X, W, or Y), we double the consonant and add -ing.
  - ▶ Put-put**ting**/ swim-swim**ming**/ sit-sit**ting**

# USE OF PRESENT CONTINUOUS

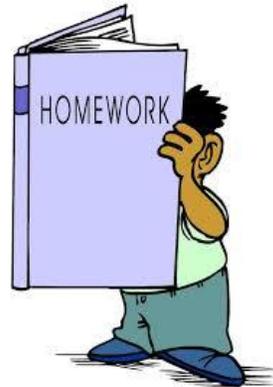
- ▶ We use present continuous to talk about actions that are happening now, at the moment of speaking.
- ▶ We use present continuous to talk about long actions.
  - ▶ She can't answer the phone. She is doing her homework.
  - ▶ I am listening to music **right now**.
- ▶ We use present continuous to talk about two actions that happen at the same time.
  - ▶ My mother is cooking **while** she is listening to the radio
  - ▶ I am studying English **while** my sister is having a shower

# TIME EXPRESSIONS

- ▶ AT THE MOMENT
  - ▶ You are reading about your favourite actor **at the moment**.
- ▶ RIGHT NOW
  - ▶ I am studying English **right now**.
- ▶ NOW
  - ▶ My brother is listening to music **now**.
- ▶ TODAY
  - ▶ Tom and Richard are playing football **today**
- ▶ THIS WEEK, MONTH
  - ▶ My sister isn't going to the swimming-pool **this month**
- ▶ WHILE
  - ▶ You are playing football **while** I am cooking your dinner.

# EXERCISE!

- ▶ My cousin \_\_\_\_\_ (watch TV) now
- ▶ I \_\_\_\_\_ (do homework) right now



- ▶ My father \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) a very delicious meal at the moment
- ▶ Mary's best friend \_\_\_\_\_ (sing) in the concert today



# PRESENT CONTINUOUS WITH FUTURE MEANING

▶ AFFIRMATIVE → SUBJECT + TO BE + VERB (-ING) + COMPLEMENTS

I am watching TV

You are watching TV

He/She/It is watching TV

We are watching TV

You are watching TV

They are watching TV



# PRESENT CONTINUOUS WITH FUTURE MEANING

▶ NEGATIVE → SUBJECT + TO BE + NOT + VERB (-ING) + COMPLEMENTS

I am not watching TV

You aren't/ are not watching TV

He/She/It isn't/ is not watching TV

We aren't/ are not watching TV

You aren't/ are not watching TV

They aren't/ are not watching TV



# PRESENT CONTINUOUS WITH FUTURE MEANING

▶ INTERROGATIVE → TO BE + SUBJECT + VERB (-ING) + COMPLEMENTS + ?

Am I watching TV?

Are you watching TV?

Is he/she/it watching TV?

Are we watching TV?

Are you watching TV?

Are they watching TV?



## ANSWERS:

Yes, I am

No, he isn't

Yes, you are

# USE OF PRESENT CONTINUOUS WITH FUTURE MEANING

- ▶ We use the present continuous to talk about future plans that are confirmed.

## FIXED PLANS

- ▶ Tomorrow, I´m visiting the safari park. I bought the tickets yesterday.
  - ▶ I am going to my cousin´s party tonight.
- 
- ▶ When we use the present continuous to talk about the future we often use time expressions like “tomorrow, next week, on Friday/Monday...”

# TIME EXPRESSIONS

## ▶ TOMORROW

- ▶ I am going to a concert **tomorrow**

## ▶ NEXT WEEK/MONTH

- ▶ She is traveling to London **next week**

## ▶ ON FRIDAY, MONDAY, SATURDAY

- ▶ My parents are visiting my grandparents **on Saturday** morning, they have arranged a meet then.

# EXERCISE!

**MARK:** Hi, Lucy. What \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (do) tonight?

**LUCY:** I \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to my cousin's party

**MARK:** \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (take) her anything?

**LUCY:** Yes. This afternoon I \_\_\_\_\_ (make) a cake for her.

**MARK:** I \_\_\_\_\_ (not do) anything this afternoon. Can I come and help?

**LUCY:** No way! I know you! You don't want to help me. You just want free cake! Anyway, you \_\_\_\_\_ (help) Tom with his maths homework this afternoon.

**MARK:** You're right! I promise him yesterday. I completely forgot!